

Market Executive Report Brief

Modern Sourcing: a Transition to Efficient and Agile Procurement Models

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Traditionally, strategic sourcing is an n-step process that starts from need identification and goes to implementation

Steps in a strategic sourcing process



Identify needs

- Identify business needs and define stakeholder value
- Analyze demand data and forecasts
- Analyze supply market and commence creation of a Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) model

Overarching processes



Go-to-market (GTM)

- Establish supplier selection criteria such as commercials, solutioning, and cultural fit
- Identify relevant suppliers
- Finalize sourcing plan
- Conduct Request for Information (RFI) / Request for Proposal (RFP)

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Evaluate proposals

- Conduct supplier evaluation
- Conduct supplier site visits, if required
- Finalize the top few suppliers



Negotiate and award

- Develop negotiation strategy
- Plan/execute negotiations
- Award business to selected supplier

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Contract and transition

- Negotiate terms and conditions
- Initiate supplier onboarding and transition

| Category management | | | Supplier management | | |
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| Understand internal spend, stakeholder needs, and external supply market | Create an action plan for upcoming sourcing engagements | Ensure ongoing monitoring of supply and demand trends | Ensure ongoing monitoring of supplier performance and risks | Establish a governance mechanism for supplier escalations | Ensure strategic suppliers are managed effectively |

Best practices in sourcing engagements for a more efficient and modern sourcing process

Best practices to follow in a modern strategic sourcing process



Identify needs

Ensure the suppliers' early and in-depth involvement in the need identification phase

- Initiate supplier discussions earlier and more frequently
- Conduct supplier workshops defining your objectives and outcomes
- Create possible standard business scenarios that define needs with suppliers



Go-to-market (GTM)

Ensure upcoming sourcing activities are initiated in parallel with GTM

- Share master contract templates as part of the RFP documents
- Share a standard list of obligations in the pre-contract phase
- Share all the details, accessorial charges, and potential changes during the RFP process

Evaluate proposals

Build relationships and focus on value-creation activities with suppliers

- For incumbent service providers, put more focus on value creation, partnerships, and co-innovation than contractual terms
- For new service providers move beyond commercials and focus on engagement, relationship building, and initiating pilot projects



Negotiate and award

Standardize the negotiation and evaluation process through tools/ templates

- Use standard scorecards for evaluation
- Employ tactics such as:
 - Gainsharing model
 - Pre-defined discounts
 - Volume consolidation or bundled deals
- Run an initial round of negotiations and contract drafting in parallel with the sourcing process



Contract and transition

Ensure contract interaction occurs through the sourcing lifecycle

Ensure constant interaction occurs across the sourcing lifecycle between the buying organization and the supplier to collectively and incrementally develop the contract

Key benefits of modern sourcing engagements include faster cycle times, flexibility, and collaboration

Modern sourcing benefits



Flexibility and continuous improvement Welcome changing requirements, even late in the process, such as if suppliers change mid-project, the new supplier can immediately start developing requirements for the next sprint, avoiding a long, costly transition.



Faster cycle times

- Satisfy the customer through early and continuous delivery of value
- Deliver frequently, with a preference for shorter timescales
- Deliver value in shorter sprints, i.e., suppliers should provide outcomes at the end of each sprint, not on fixed deliverables and documentation



Team building and collaboration

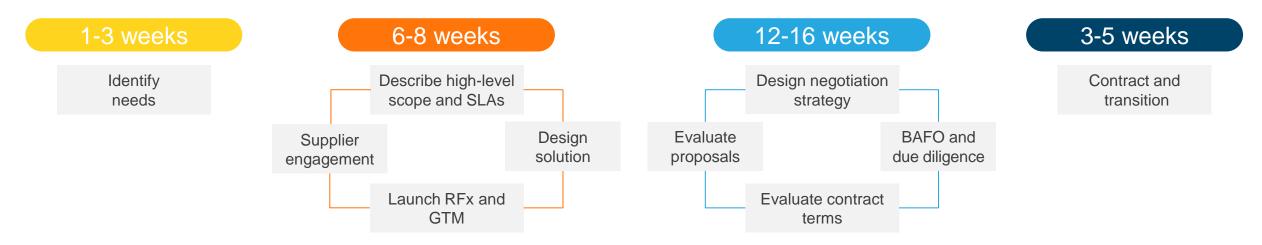
- Business and sourcing work together throughout the project
- Build projects around motivated individuals and trust them
- Hold face-to-face conversations
- Build self-organizing teams
- Regularly reflect on how to become more effective

Modern sourcing teams distinguish and reassign process-oriented and non-core sourcing activities to non-core resources, leaving more time to focus on core activities and optimizing resource allocation

| | | | Sourcing activity type Non-core | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Category strategy activities | | Sourcing-related activities | Transactional activities | | |
| Category strategy development | | Negotiation | Spend data management | | |
| Sourcing innovation | | RFP package creation | Due diligence | | |
| Supplier management | | Supplier evaluation | Contract management | | |
| Spend analytics | | Data analysis | Accounts payable | | |
| Market intelligence gathering | | Vendor communication and follow ups | | | |
| Performance management and reporting | | Contract drafting | | | |
| | | Spot buys | | | |

Agile teams examine processes that can be combined and run in parallel with each other, versus in a linear fashion





Key features of an agile sourcing approach

- Constant communication and collaboration during the supplier selection process
- Constant interaction across the transaction lifecycle between buyers and suppliers, who, together, incrementally establish the content of the contract, adapting as needs or markets change
- Ensures business requirements are well understood at the point of the RFP release and, as a result, the traditional longer timeline can be reduced, with a higher probability of successfully meeting the set timelines

Source: <u>Compact;</u> Procurify, Everest Group (2022)

Firms should understand the current state of sourcing processes before undertaking the transition to agile procurement

People

- Do you have resources with diverse sourcing skills in the same team, such as paralegal experts, negotiation experts, and business analysts?
- Have you conducted skill mapping across resources?
- Is your team empowered to drive projects independently?
- Do you train/upskill your sourcing talent?
- Do you augment your core team with back-end resources or contingent workforce when the need arises?
- Is a transfer of staff applicable (there are often fixed timelines associated with works councils)?

Process

- Do you follow one standard approval process across sourcing engagements within strategic and tactical sourcing?
- Is the sourcing process flexible enough to run subprocesses parallelly, such as initiating negotiation during the sourcing or evaluation stage)?
- Are core and non-core sourcing activities identified for sourcing work allocation, wherein negotiations are a core sourcing activity while budget tracking is a non-core activity?
- How would you characterize your organization's decision-making processes?
- Is this first-generation outsourcing?

Technology

- Do you leverage technology to drive sourcing activities (including ERP, best-of-breed solutions, or an S2P suite)?
- Can you track resource bandwidth using tools/dashboards?
- What level of spend visibility do you have at a line-item level?
- Is there a single source of truth across the sourcing value chain?



A current-state assessment can help you understand your potential to reduce cycle times across activities and consequently determine the ease of moving to agile procurement



Case example: Barclays implemented agile sourcing practices by transforming team structures to create work pods



Objectives

- Improve overall sourcing efficiency through better engagement and cross-functional collaboration
- Optimize time-to-value through an improved sourcing process



Approach

Established 18 sourcing pods (from about 150 resources), made up of a mix of seniorities and procurement expertise with diverse skills

- Each pod consisted of four to five specialist resources working collaboratively to deliver the full lifecycle sourcing activities
- Each pod aligned to a category but remained flexible to take on other category sourcing to balance workloads, when required
- The pods could work on several projects collectively, with specialists owning different parts of the process

Key benefits through the established agile sourcing model



Reduced sourcing cycle time

Higher sourcing throughput



Improved cross functional collaboration



Better project control and flexibility





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